

ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS \cdot SCREW TYPE

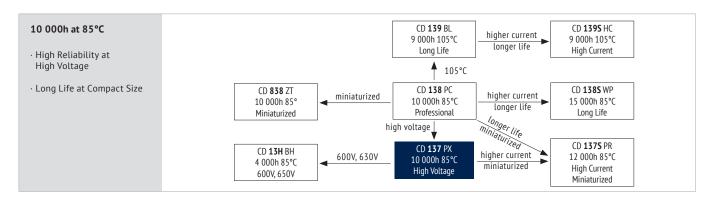
CD 137 PX SERIES



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ITEM

CHARACTERISTICS

Operating Temperature Range (°C)	-40 ~ +85		The usage at lower temperatures								
Voltage Range (V)	400 ~ 550	0	than indicated may be possible.								
Capacitance Range (µF)	1 000 ~ 22 200		Please contact the Jianghai								
Capacitance Tolerance (20°C, 120Hz)	± 20%		Europe sales office for approval.								
Leakage Current	Leakage Current After 5 minutes at 20°C application of rated voltage, leakage current is not more than specified in table.										
Fast Charge-Discharge	() Please contact Jianghai for an appropriate choice of the capacitor or possible technical adaptions, esp. for appli	ications like:	Welding, Photoflash, Servo motors, X-Ray								

ITEM	USEFUL LIFE		LOAD LIFE	ENDURANCE TEST	SHELF LIFE		
Lifetime	10 000h	> 100 000h	5 000h	5 000h	1 000h		
Leakage Current	Not more than s	specified value	Not more than specified value	Not more than specified value	Not more than specified value		
Capacitance Change	Within ± 30% c	f initial value	Within ± 20% of initial value	Within ± 10% of initial value	Within ± 20% of initial value		
Dissipation Factor	Not more than 300%	6 of specified value	Not more than 200% of specified value	Not more than 200% of specified value	Not more than 200% of specified value		
Condition: Applied Voltage Applied Current Applied Temperature	U _R I _R 85°C	I,4 X I _R		U _R I _R = 0 85°C IEC 60384	$U_{R} = 0$ $I_{R} = 0$ $I_{S} = 0$ $85^{\circ}C$ After test: U_{R} be applied for 30 min > 2 before measured		
Terminal and Construction			n has an impact on the current rent applications the terminals		. ,		

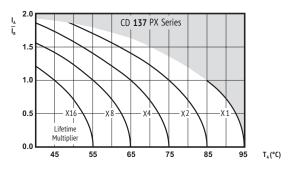
Optional

MULTIPLIER FOR RIPPLE CURRENT (FREQUENCY COEFFICIENT)

Frequency	50Hz	120Hz	300Hz	1kHz	≥ 10 kHz
Coefficient	0,80	1,00	1,10	1,30	1,40

Multipliers for typical operating conditions.

MULTIPLIER FOR LIFETIME (LIFETIME DIAGRAM)



I_A = actual ripple current at 120Hz,

= rated ripple current at 120Hz, 85°C

 $\hat{\mathsf{M}}\mathsf{ultiplier}$ of Useful Life as a function of ambient temperature & ripple current load

SAFETY FACTOR

Self-extinguishing Electrolyte on request

This diagram includes a safety margin. In many cases the allowed current capability/lifetime may be increased. For details and approvals please contact the Jianghai Europe sales office.

ENVIRONMENTAL

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The products are RoHS, WEEE and REACh compliant. The detailed version please see seperate "Environmental Certificates" document or www.jianghai-europe.com



CAPACITOR COMPETENCE since 1958

CD 137 PX SERIES

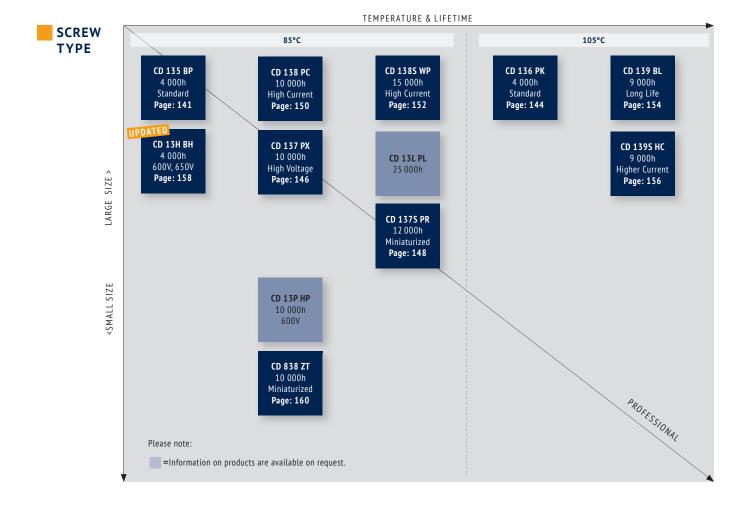
URDC	C _R	ESR _{max}	ESR _{typ}	tanб	I Leak	I _{RAC}	Size	ORDER CODE
(Surge Voltage)	Rated Capacitance	Equivalent Series Resistance	Equivalent Series Resistance	Dissipation Factor	Leakage Current	Rated Ripple Current	øD x L	o = mounting style (stud)
Code	Capacitance	20°C	20°C	20°C	current	85°C	00 X L	$\Delta \Delta \Delta \Delta$ = terminal style
(V)	(μF)	120Hz (mΩ)	120Hz (mΩ)	120Hz	(mA)	120Hz (Arms)	(mm)	Details: Page 138
					· · ·			-
400 (450)	2 200	98	28	0,15	5,0	8,8	51 x 115	ECG2GPX222M◊C115ΔΔΔ
(450) 2G	3 300	80 65	24	0,15	5,0	10,2	51 x 130 64 x 96	ECG2GPX272M◊C130ΔΔΔ ECG2GPX332M◊D096ΔΔΔΔ
	3 900	55	19	0,15	5,0	12,8	64 x 115	ECG2GPX392M0D090AAAA
	4 700	46	15	0,15	5,0	14,8	64 x 130	ECG2GPX472M◊D130ΔΔΔΔ
-	5 600	38	14	0,15	5,0	16,2	77 x 115	ECG2GPX562M◊E115ΔΔΔΔ
	6 800	32	13	0,15	5,0	18,7	77 x 130	ECG2GPX682M◊E130∆∆∆∆
	8 200	26	12	0,15	5,0	22,0	77 x 155	ECG2GPX822M◊E155∆∆∆∆
	10 000	22	10	0,15	5,0	26,7	77 x 195	ECG2GPX103M◊E195 <u>∆∆∆∆</u>
	10 000	22	10	0,15	5,0	24,2	90 x 131	ECG2GPX103M◊F131∆∆∆∆
	12 000	18	8	0,15	5,0	28,5	90 x 157	ECG2GPX123M◊F157∆∆∆∆
	15 000	14	6	0,15	5,0	34,8	90 x 196	ECG2GPX153M♦F196∆∆∆∆
	18 000	12	5	0,15	5,0	41,2	90 x 236	ECG2GPX183M◊F236∆∆∆∆
	22 000	10	5	0,15	5,0	47,0	101 x 237	ECG2GPX223M¢G237∆∆∆∆
450	1 800	119	45	0,15	5,0	7,6	51 x 115	ECG2WPX182M0C115
450 (500)	2 200	98	35	0,15	5,0	8,8	51 x 115	ECG2WPX182M0C113ΔΔΔΔ ECG2WPX222M0C130ΔΔΔΔ
2W	2 700	80	30	0,15	5,0	9,5	64 x 96	ECG2WFX272M◊D096ΔΔΔΔ
	3 300	65	24	0,15	5,0	11,2	64 x 115	ECG2WFX272HVD070AAAA ECG2WPX332M◊D115ΔΔΔΔ
	3 900	55	20	0,15	5,0	12,8	64 x 130	ECG2WPX392M◊D130ΔΔΔΔ
	4 700	46	16	0,15	5,0	14,1	77 x 115	ECG2WPX472M0E115
-	5 600	38	13	0,15	5,0	16,2	77 x 130	ECG2WPX562M◊E130∆∆∆∆
	6 800	32	11	0,15	5,0	19,1	77 x 155	ECG2WPX682M◊E155∆∆∆∆
	0.200	26	10	0,15	5,0	23,0	77 x 195	ECG2WPX822M◊E195∆∆∆∆
	8 200	26	10	0,15	5,0	21,0	90 x 131	ECG2WPX822M◊F131∆∆∆∆
	10 000	22	9	0,15	5,0	25,7	90 x 171	ECG2WPX103M◊F171∆∆∆∆
	12 000	18	8	0,15	5,0	29,7	90 x 196	ECG2WPX123M◊F196∆∆∆∆
	15 000	14	7	0,15	5,0	35,9	90 x 236	ECG2WPX153M◊F236∆∆∆∆
	15 000	14	7	0,15	5,0	34,2	101 x 195	ECG2WPX153M◊G195∆∆∆∆
	18 000	12	6	0,15	5,0	40,5	101 x 237	ECG2WPX183M◊G237∆∆∆∆
		215	94	0,20	5,0	6,2	51 x 115	ECG2HPX122M◊C115∆∆∆∆
500 (550)	1 200	215	94	0,20	5,0	6,3	64 x 96	ECG2HPX122M◊C115ΔΔΔΔ ECG2HPX122M◊D096ΔΔΔΔ
2H		172	72	0,20	5,0	7,3	51 x 130	ECG2HPX152M◊C130ΔΔΔΔ
	1500	172	72	0,20	5,0	7,1	64 x 96	ECG2HPX152M¢C150AAAA
-	1 800	143	51	0,20	5,0	8,3	64 x 115	ECG2HPX182M¢D115ΔΔΔΔ
-	2 200	117	40	0,20	5,0	9,6	64 x 130	ECG2HPX222MOD130
-	2 700	96	35	0,20	5,0	10,7	77 x 115	ECG2HPX272M◊E115∆∆∆∆
	3 300	78	30	0,20	5,0	12,4	77 x 130	ECG2HPX332M◊E130∆∆∆∆
	3 900	66	25	0,20	5,0	14,4	77 x 155	ECG2HPX392M◊E155∆∆∆∆
	4 700	55	24	0,20	5,0	16,5	77 x 171	ECG2HPX472M◊E171∆∆∆∆
	4 700	55	24	0,20	5,0	15,8	90 x 131	ECG2HPX472M◊F131∆∆∆∆
	5 600	46	22	0,20	5,0	19,0	77 x 195	ECG2HPX562M◊E195∆∆∆∆
	5 000	46	22	0,20	5,0	18,6	90 x 157	ECG2HPX562M◊F157∆∆∆∆
	6 800	38	19	0,20	5,0	21,2	90 x 171	ECG2HPX682M¢F171
	8 200	31	14	0,20	5,0	24,5	90 x 196	ECG2HPX822M¢F196AAA
		31	14	0,20	5,0	24,2	101 x 175	ECG2HPX822M◊G175ΔΔΔ
	10 000	26	12	0,20	5,0	29,3	90 x 236	ECG2HPX103M◊F236ΔΔΔ
-	12.000	26	12	0,20	5,0	27,9	101 x 195 101 x 237	ECG2HPX103M◊G195ΔΔΔΔ ECG2HPX123M◊G237ΔΔΔΔ
	12 000	22	11	0,20	5,0	33,1	101 X 257	
550	1 000	258	110	0,20	5,0	5,9	51 x 130	ECG2YPX102M◊C130∆∆∆∆
(600)	1 200	215	95	0,20	5,0	6,8	64 x 115	ECG2YPX122M¢D115ΔΔΔΔ
2Y	1 500	172	74	0,20	5,0	8,0	64 x 130	ECG2YPX152M¢D130ΔΔΔΔ
	1 800	143	72	0,20	5,0	8,7	77 x 115	ECG2YPX182M¢E115
	2 200	117	50	0,20	5,0	10,1	77 x 130	ECG2YPX222M¢E130
	2 700	96	40	0,20	5,0	12,0	77 x 155	ECG2YPX272M¢E155
	3 300	78	36	0,20	5,0	13,3	77 x 155	ECG2YPX332M♦E155 <mark>∆∆∆∆</mark>
	3 900	66	30	0,20	5,0	15,5	90 x 157	ECG2YPX392M♦F157ÅÅÅÅ
	4 700	55	24	0,20	5,0	17,6	90 x 171	ECG2YPX472M∲F171∆∆∆∆
	5 600	46	20	0,20	5,0	20,3	90 x 196	ECG2YPX562M∳F196∆∆∆∆
	6 800	38	16	0,20	5,0	24,1	90 x 236	ECG2YPX682M♦F236∆∆∆
	8 200	31	14	0,20	5,0	27,3	101 x 237	ECG2YPX822M0G237

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ORDER CODE SCREW TYPE

EC	G		2	G	BP		10	2	М		В	В			16	50	A771	-		JExxxxx						
Techno- logy	Termin Type		Rat Volt Co	age	Series Code		Capaci Coc		Capacitance Tolerance						Mounting				Diameter		er Length		For Terminal Code see tables on the right	Materia Code	al	for Specials only
EC	Screw	G	10	1A	CD 135	BP	100	101	±20%	М	Bolt	В	36	Α	53	053		-	-							
Electrolytric Capacitor			16	1C	CD 136	РК	1 000	102	±10%	К	Flat bottom, no bracket, single sleeve	N	40	В	65	065		PVC	۷							
			25	1E	CD 137	РХ	10 000	103	+30/-10%	Q	Flat bottom, no bracket, full double sleeve	D	51	С	96	096		PET	Ε							
			35	1V	CD 137S	PR			+20/-0%	R	Flat bottom incl. 2 stoppers bracket	I	64	D	100	100		Polyolefin	0							
			40	1G	CD 138	РС			+20/-10%	V	Flat bottom incl. 3 stoppers bracket	Y	77	E	115	115	-	Standard:								
			50	1H	CD 138S	WP			+50/-10%	Т	Details of Sleeving see		90	F	236	236		PVC Sleeve								
			63	1J	CD 139	BL			= prefer	red	table on the right		101	G												
			80	1K	CD 139S																					
			100		CD 13H	BH																				
			200		CD 838	ZT																				
			250																							
			350																							
			400																							
			420 450																							
			430 500																							
			550																							
			575																							
			600																							
			650																							



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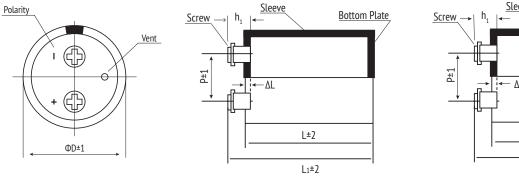
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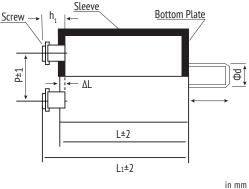


TERMINAL CODE

Terminal

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION





LENGTH

$L_1 = L + h_1 - \Delta L$
L ₁ = Total Capacitor Length
L = Capacitor Case Length (see Capacitor Table)
h ₁ = Terminal Length (see Terminal Code)
ΔL = Housing Correction (see Case & Mounting Style)

CASE & MOUNTING STYLE

Order Code	Mounting Style	Sleeving Style (typical design)	Housing Correction ΔL (in mm)
В	Bolt	Single Sleeve	0,8
N	Flat bottom, no bracket	Single Sleeve	0,8
D	Flat bottom, no bracket	Full length Double Sleeve	0,4
I	I-Type Bracket	Diameter 36: Single Sleeve Diameter 51-101: Ur < 350V: ½ length Double Sleeve Ur ≥ 350V: full length Double Sleeve Other Sleeve Versions on request	0,8 0,6 0,4
Y	Y-Type Bracket	Ur < 350V: ½ length Double Sleeve Ur ≥ 350V: full length Double Sleeve Other Sleeve Versions on request	0,6 0,4

Bolt:	ØD	Ød	۱ (mm)	Max. Torque (Nm)
	Ø 36	M8	12	4
	≥Ø51	M12	16	12,5

SCREW TERMINAL (Hexagon Head)

Dimension	Min. Thread Depth (mm)	Max. Torque (Nm)	Max. Ripple Current (A)
M5 x 10	8,5	3	60
M6 x 12	8,5	4	100
M8 x 16	8,5	6	100

CAPACITOR POSITION

Screw capacitors need to be mounted into an upright position. (1) If a horizontal position is needed please ensure the safety vent is located on the highest position (12 o'clock).

Code (cont. page 140)	ØD	Screw	Pitch P	d ₁	d ₂	h ₁	h ₂
A361	36	M5	12,7	8	11	6,8	1,8
A511	51	M5	21,8	10	13,0	6,8	1,8
D511	51	M5	21,8	10	13	5,5	0
A512	51	M5	21,8	10	13	7,14	0
A641	64	M5	28,2	10	15,5	7,3	2,3
C641	64	M5	28,5	13	0	7,2	0
C642	64	M6	28,6	13	0	5,5	0
D641	64	M5	28,2	13	15	6,4	0
D642	64	M6	28,2	13	15	6,4	0
E641/E642	64	M5	28,2	10	15,5	6,3	1,3
A771	77	M5	31,4	10	15,5	6,3	1,3
A772	77	M6	31,4	10	15,5	6,3	1,3
B771	77	M6	31,4	17,2	0	3,17	0
B772	77	M6	31,4	17,2	0	6,4	0
B774/B776	77	M5	31,4	17,2	0	6,4	0
C771	77	M5	31,4	17,2	0	3,5	0
C772	77	M6	31,4	17,2	0	3,5	0
C774	77	M5	31,4	17,2	0	6,4	0
C775	77	M6	31,4	17,2	0	6,4	0
C779	77	M6	31,4	13	0	5,5	0
D771	77	M5	31,4	13	15	6,4	0
E772	77	M5	31,4	10	15,5	6,3	1,3
E774	77	M5	31,4	13	17,5	5,5	3,5
F771	77	M6	31,4	13	15	6,4	0
F772	77	M5	31,4	13	15	6,4	0
A901	90	M5	31,4	10	15,5	6,3	1,3
B901	90	M6	31,4	17,2	0	6,4	0
B902	90	M5	31,4	17,2	0	6,4	0
C901/C905	90	M5	31,4	17,2	0	6,4	0
C902	90	M6	31,4	17,2	0	6,4	0
C904	90	M8	31,4	17,2	0	6,4	0
D902	90	M5	31,4	13	15	6,4	0
D903	90	M6	31,4	13	15	6,4	0
E901	90	M6	31,4	15	20	8,6	2,4
E902	90	M5	31,4	10	15,5	6,3	1,3
F901	90	M6	31,4	13	15	6,4	0
A101	101	M8	41,5	17,2	21,5	11	6

= preferred

Other forms on request, especially non-symmetrical layout, watercooling or laser welded terminals. Terminal A101 = A991

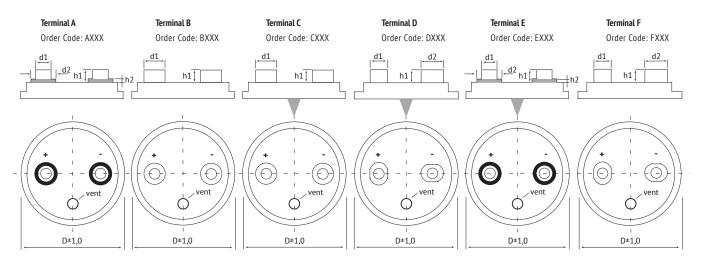
Terminal A, B and F include a potting mass filling, Terminal C, D and E use a middle pin fixation without glue.

Extended Cathode designs only available with Terminal C, D and E.

Some series of the catalogue might only be available with Terminal C,D and E.

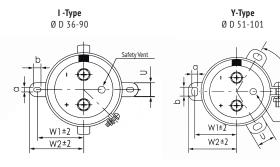
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TERMINAL FORM (C, D, E preferred; other designs on request)

BRACKET MOUNTING



			l-bra	cket			Y-bracket					
øD	W ₁	w ₂	а	b	U	h	w ₁	w ₂	а	b	U	h
36	24	29	3,8	7	10	15	-	-	-	-	-	-
51	34	40	5	7	14	30	31,8	36,5	5	7	14	30
64	40,5	46,5	5	7	14	30	38,1	42,6	5	7	14	30
77	46,8	53	5	7	14	30	44,5	49,2	5	7	14	30
90	54	60,3	5	7	14	30	50,8	55,6	5	7	14	30
101	-	-	-	-	-	-	57,5	63,5	5,5	8	20	35
= pre	ferred											in mm

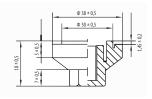
h = Height of brackets

in mm

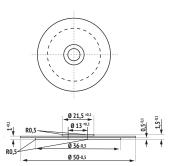
ACCESSORIES FOR BOLT MOUNTING (Other accessories on request)

Cap Nut Order Code: ACCNUT3038M12

For Screw Capacitors with M12 Bolt



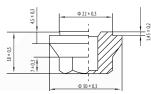
Insulation Washer Order Code: ACCISO5113 For Screw Capacitors with Diameter 51 and 64



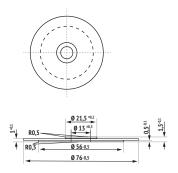
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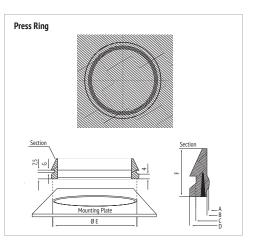
Cap Nut Order Code: ACCNUT2230M12 For Screw Capacitors with M12 Bolt

fety Vent



Insulation Washer Order Code: ACCIS07713 For Screw Capacitors with Diameter 77 and 90





Ø Capacitor	64	77	90
A +0,3	62,3	74,8	88,0
B +0,3	64,1	77,0	90,0
C +0,3	70,5	84,5	97,9
D +0,3	74,5	88,6	102,0
E +0,2	71,2	85,5	98,6
F +0,2	18,0	20,0	23,5
G-0,25	3,0	2,4	3,0
Product Code Agree with RoHS	ACC PR164	ACC PR177	ACC PR190
Product Code Agree with RoHS and UL-94-V0	ACC PR464	ACC PR477	ACC PR490

All dimensions in mm

LIFETIME ESTIMATION OF ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS FROM JIANGHAI

To estimate the Lifetime of a non-solid Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor from Jianghai, the following formulas can be utilized. The Lifetime depends mainly on the ambient temperature, the ripple current and, within certain limits, the operating voltage applied. Other parameters may also affect the Lifetime. Moreover, L_o can be interpreted in many different ways, which has a fundamental influence on the numerical result. Jianghai offers a high transparency by publishing the different typical definitions of Lifetimes in each datasheet. Lifetime estimations are approximations by nature. Please let JIANGHAI EUROPE confirm any result before using it. The formulas given here do not constitute part of a contract nor of a specification. The formulas do not cover additional aging effects of certain electrolytic systems or other chemical effects. Also the dimensions of the components may have an effect. Forced cooling or other additional cooling-methods have a strong impact on the Lifetime and are not covered by the formulas as defined. For the estimation and interpretation of Lifetime, a close collaboration with JIANGHAI EUROPE is strongly advised.

CAPACITOR

COMPETENCE

Tianghai

STRUCTUAL FORMULA

$$L = L_0 \cdot K_T \cdot K_R \cdot K_V$$

WHERE:

- L Total Lifetime
- L₀ Lifetime under Nominal Load at Upper Category Temperature (see catalogue)
- K_{τ} Temperature Factor
- K_p Ripple Current Factor
- K_v Voltage Factor

K_T TEMPERATURE FACTOR

Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors follow roughly the 10 K rule of Arrhenius. It is possible to estimate the Lifetime by rule of thumb: When the operational temperature is reduced by 10 K, the Lifetime will double. The formula for K_{T} in detail is:

$$K_T = 2^{\frac{T_0 - T_A}{10K}}$$

WHERE:

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T₀ Rated Temperature

T₄ Ambient Temperature

K_R **RIPPLE CURRENT FACTOR**

To estimate the influence of ripple current on lifetime, Jianghai uses a safety factor K_i . Under certain conditions this value can be set to K_i =2, which is prolonging the lifetime. Please contact Jianghai Europe for details and approval.

$$K_R = K_i^{A \frac{\Delta T_0}{10K}}$$

WITH:

$$A = 1 - \left(\frac{I_A}{I_R}\right)^2$$

WHERE:

- I Actual Rated Ripple Current
- I_R Ripple Current at Upper Category Temperature (databook value)
- ΔT_0 Core Temperature Rise of the capacitor (typically 3,5 ~ 5 K for T_0 = 105°C and 3,5 ~ 10K for T_0 = 85°C, see databook value)
- K_i Basis, typically defined as

$$T_0 = 105^{\circ}C$$
 $I_A > I_R$: $K_i = 4$
 $I_A \le I_R$: $K_i = 2$
 $T_0 = 85^{\circ}C$ $K_i = 2$

Remark: Safety Factor K_i may be set as $K_i=2$ under certain defined conditions. Please contact Jianghai Europe for approval.

K_v **VOLTAGE FACTOR**

For Radial Electrolytic Capacitors, this part of the formula has no impact ($K_v = 1$). But for some bigger capacitors like Snap-In and Screw-Terminal types with rated voltages above 160V, the operating voltage will affect their Lifetime. It is expressed as follows:

FOR:

$$0.6 \le \frac{U_A}{U_R} \le 1$$
$$K_V = \left(\frac{U_A}{U_R}\right)^{-2.5}$$

WHERE:

- U_A Actual Operating Voltage
- U_p Rated Voltage



FOR:

$$0 < \frac{U_A}{U_R} < 0.6$$

$$K_V = 3,59$$

FOR:

$$\frac{U_A}{U_R}$$
 > 1 not allowed

$$K_V = 1$$

FOR: Radial Capacitors or U_R ≤ 160V

$$K_V = 1$$

FREQUENCY CORRECTION FACTORS:

If the actual Ripple Currents are not given at the same frequency like I_{n} , correction factors need to be applied.

$$I_A = \sqrt{\left(\frac{I_{f1}}{F_{f1}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{I_{f2}}{F_{f2}}\right)^2 + \dots \left(\frac{I_{fn}}{F_{fn}}\right)^2}$$

JIANGHAI ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR LIFETIME ESTIMATION FORMULA (incl. Safety Factors):

$$L = L_0 \cdot 2^{\frac{T_0 - T_A}{10K}} \cdot K_i^{\left[1 - \left(\frac{I_A}{I_R}\right)^2\right] \cdot \frac{\Delta T_0}{10K}} \cdot \left(\frac{U_A}{U_R}\right)^{-n}$$

 K_{ν}

WITH TYPICAL VALUES:

$$\Gamma_0 = 105^{\circ}C$$
 $I_A > I_R : K_i = 4$
 $I_A \le I_R : K_i = 2$
 $\Gamma_0 = 85^{\circ}C$ $K_i = 2$

 ΔT_0 = depending on the series: 3,5~10K, see databook value

$$0,6 \le \frac{U_A}{U_R} \le 1 \to n = 2,5$$
$$0 < \frac{U_A}{U_R} < 0,6 \to K_V = \left(\frac{U_A}{U_R}\right)^{-n} = 3,59$$

For $U_{R} \leq 160V$, Radial and

$$\frac{U_A}{U_R} > 1 \to K_V = 1$$

HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS FROM JIANGHAI

WARNING

JIANGHAI is not liable for any extent of possible injuries or damages to persons or things, of any kind, caused by the improper application of and/or operating conditions harmful to electrolytic capacitors. Misapplications which may cause failures include, but are not limited to: ripple current or peak current or voltage above specification, operating voltage above surge voltage specified, temperature exposure outside the specified operating temperature range. Examples of harmful operating conditions comprise, but are not limited to: unusual storage or transport temperatures, excessive and/or rapid changes of ambient temperature or humidity, heavy mechanical shock or vibration, corrosive and abrasive particles in the ambient (cooling) air, conducting dust in the ambient (cooling) air, oil or water vapor or corrosive substances, explosive gas or dust, operation under extremely high or low ambient pressure conditions (below or above sea level), superimposed radio frequency voltages, radioactivity. In case of doubt about the impact of operating conditions on capacitor performance, please contact JIANGHAI.

PERSONAL SAFETY

Electrical or mechanical misapplication of electrolytic capacitors may be hazardous. Personal injury or property damage may result from explosion of a capacitor or from the expulsion of electrolyte due to mechanical disruption or the release of a safety vent of a capacitor. In case of injury or skin or eye exposure to electrolyte, immediately seek professional medical advice. Before using electrolytic capacitors in any application, please read these Handling Precautions, familiarizing thoroughly with the information contained herein. Please check before using any of our electrolytic capacitors if these components fulfill the requirements of your application and that warnings and instructions for use are followed.

WARRANTY

The information contained in this catalogue does not form part of any quotation or contract, is believed to be accurate, reliable and up to date. Quality data are based on the statistical evaluations of a large quantity of parts and do not constitute a guarantee in a legal sense. However, agreement on these specifications does mean that the customer may claim for replacement of individual defective capacitors within the terms of delivery. We will not assume any liability beyond the replacement of defective components. This applies in particular to any consequential damage caused by component failure. Furthermore it must be taken into consideration that the figures stated for lifetime, failure rates and outlier percentages refer to the average production status and are therefore to be understood as mean values (statistic expectations) for a large number of delivery lots of identical capacitors. These figures are based on application experience and data obtained from preceding tests under normal conditions, or - for purpose of accelerated aging - more severe conditions. JIANGHAI reserves the right to change these specifications without prior notice. Any application information given is advisory and does not form part of any specification. The products are not primarily designed for use in life support applications, devices or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. JIANGHAI customers using or selling these products for use in such applications without prior written consent of JIANGHAI do so at their own risk and agree fully to indemnify JIANGHAI for any damage resulting from such improper use or sale. This version of the catalogue supersedes all previous versions. Latest versions of datasheets can be found on our homepage: www.jianghaieurope.com. For more details on precautions and guidelines for aluminum electrolytic capacitors, please refer to CENELEC Technical Report CLC/TR 50454:2008 E, "Guide for the application of aluminum electrolytic capacitors".

POLARITY

Electrolytic capacitors are polar and shall never be used with incorrect polarity, as there is a possible danger of shorting or destruction.

RATED VOLTAGE U_R

The rated voltage is marked on the capacitor and defined in the datasheets as U_{R} . This voltage should never be exceeded and is the maximum peak voltage including any ripple voltages allowed to avoid a shortening of the lifetime or damage of the capacitor. When a ripple current is applied to the capacitor, the sum of the peak ripple voltage and bias DC voltage shall never exceed the rated voltage. It might be necessary to lower the maximum allowed bias DC voltage, when certain ripple currents are applied to the capacitor.

SURGE VOLTAGE

Maximum voltage, which may be applied to the capacitor for short periods of time: max. 1000 cycles of 30 sec. per 6 min., max. 5 pulses per hour. Capacitance drift +/- 15% max. **REVERSE VOLTAGE**

Reverse voltages or voltages < 0V are not allowed.



RECOVERY VOLTAGE

Electric potential between the positive and negative terminal may exist as a result of dielectric absorption. Please take action that this load does not damage other devices or scare workers during the production process (sparks possible). If needed please discharge the capacitor through a $1k\Omega$ resistor.

TEMPERATURE RANGE

Use electrolytic capacitors only within the specified operating temperature range.

OVER-CURRENT

Currents exceeding the rated ripple currents should be avoided.

RIPPLE CURRENT/VOLTAGE

The combined value of DC voltage and peak AC voltage (due to ripple current) shall not exceed the rated voltage and shall never be < 0V. Use of aluminum electrolytic capacitors under ripple current with wide amplitudes is equivalent to rapid charge-discharge operation.

RAPID CHARGING/DISCHARGING

Rapid charging/discharging generates severe heat and gas may be emitted which may lead to explosion. Consult JIANGHAI about specially designed capacitors suitable for such kind of applications. Example: Servo Drive Application

BALANCING RESISTORS

Balancing resistors should be utilized if capacitors are used in serial connection. Please choose low-tolerance resistors to limit voltage drift.

CHARGE-DISCHARGE PROOF

JIANGHAI capacitors are charge-discharge proof, which means that 10⁶ switching cycles will cause capacitance reduction of less than 10%.

LIFETIME

There are many different lifetime definitions known without any true standard definition. Take special care when capacitors are compared that the capacitors fulfill the needed requirements. JIANGHAI publishes all conditions to be as transparent as possible. In the case of lifetime tests with additional ripple currents, the bias DC voltage must be reduced, so that the sum of bias DC voltage and the peak of the ripple voltage does not exceed the Rated Voltage $U_{\rm R}$.

Load life: Period of time, during which the technical parameters of all capacitors stay within the given limits. JIANGHAI defines this without allowing for outliers.

Useful life: Defined like load life, but with a lager range of parameter change.

Endurance test: IEC 60384-4 defines the acceptable drift criteria of electrical parameters after the endurance tests (continuous voltage test).

Shelf Life: Definition of time with acceptable drift of capacitor parameters after storage at upper category temperature without load.

VIBRATION AND MECHANICAL STRESS

Capacitors are sensitive to vibration and mechanical forces applied on the leads. Do not use capacitors, which have been dropped onto a rigid surface.

INSULATION

If any defect of the sleeve is visible, the component should not be used – the same holds for any kind of visible damage. A capacitor should be electrically isolated from the following parts: aluminum case, cathode lead wire, anode lead wire and circuit pattern, and auxiliary terminal of snap-in type. The sleeve is not recognized as an isolator and therefore the standard capacitor should not be used in a place where insulation function is needed. Please contact JIANGHAI if a higher grade of insulation is required.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

Avoid direct contact with water, salt solution, oil, dewing conditions. Halogens generally, especially fumigation treatment with bromides and flame retardant agents containing halogens must be avoided. Avoid exposing to direct sunshine, ozone, ultraviolet rays and x-ray radiation. Air Pressure: Max. 150kPa, min. 8kPa. For usage >2000m altitude above sea level current deratings might be necessary. No heavy air pressure changes are allowed. Do not use or store in an environment containing any hazardous gas (e.g., hydrogen sulphide, sulphurous acid, nitrous acid, chlorine, ammonia, bromine, methyl bromide, other halogens) or acidic or alkaline solutions.

STORAGE

Temperature 5 to 35°C, relative humidity below 75%. Electrolytic capacitors may accumulate charge naturally during storage. In this case discharge through a 1kOhm resistor before use (Recovery voltage). Leakage current may be increased after long storage time. In this case the capacitor should be subjected to the rated voltage treatment through a 1kOhm resistor before use for 1 hour, then it should be discharged through a resistor of about 1 Ohm/Volt. Storage times above 1 year should be avoided or rated voltage treatment may be necessary. In accordance to IEC 60384-4 electrolytic capacitors are subject to a reforming process before acceptance testing. Rated voltage is applied via a series resistance (100 Ω : U_R < 100VDC, 1k Ω : U_R > 100VDC).

SOLDERING

Soldering conditions (temperature, times) should be within specified conditions, especially for SMD components. Avoid high soldering temperatures as this may reduce lifetime or damage the capacitor. Do never dip the capacitor body into molten solder. Flux should not be adhered to the capacitor's body but only to its terminals. For details and different methods please contact us.

GLUEING, CLEANING AND COATING

Do not use fixing agents or cleaning substances containing halogens. Do not use coating and moulding components that completely seal the capacitor from the environment. Also, never use solvents containing: halogenated hydrocarbons, alkali, petroleum, trichloroethylene/-ethane, xylene, acetones, trichlorotrifluoroethane, tetrachloroethylene, methylenechloride, chloroform, acetates, ketones, esters, chlorides and bromides.

MOUNTING

Other devices, which are mounted near the capacitor, should not touch the capacitor. Additional heat coming from other components near the capacitor may reduce the lifetime of the capacitor. Do never bend or twist the capacitor after soldering to avoid stress on the leads. Radial capacitors are not protected against mechanical forces on the leads. Forces on the pins might damage the capacitor. No printed circuit board tracks are allowed between the lead pads of the capacitor. Screw Terminal capacitors should only be mounted in an upright position.

TRANSPORT

Avoid fumigation and spraying insecticides (especially with bromides) in the import or export procedures which can cause corrosion. This applies also to the finished devices. **MAINTENANCE**

MAINTENANCE

Periodical inspection should be carried out for the capacitor: visual inspection to check pressure relief open or leakage of electrolyte, electrical characteristics as leakage current, capacitance, and dissipation factor.

ELECTROLYTE AND SEPARATOR PAPER

Electrolyte and separator paper used in aluminum capacitors may be flammable. Also, electrolyte is electrically conductive. Therefore, in case electrolyte gets in contact with PC board it may cause corrosion of circuit pattern or cause short circuit between patterns, and may lead to smoke generation or ignition in worst case.

CAUTION DURING USE OF CAPACITORS

Do not touch the terminals of capacitors. Keep the capacitor free from conductive solution, such as acids, alkali and so on. Ensure that the operating environment of the equipment into which the capacitor has been built is within the specified conditions mentioned in the catalogue or specification sheets.

SAFETY VENT

The safety vent needs some free space to open properly. Allow for free headroom of at least 2mm for diameter ≤16mm, more than 3mm for diameter 18-35mm, more than 5mm for case diameter 40mm and larger.

EMERGENCY ACTIONS

When the pressure relief vent is open and some gas blows out from the capacitor, please turn the main switch of the equipment off or pull out the plug from the power outlet immediately. During safety vent operation, extremely hot gas (>100°C) may blow out of the capacitors. Do not stand close to the capacitors. In case of eye contact, rinse the open eye(s) with clean water immediately. In case of ingestion, gargle with water immediately, do not swallow. Do not touch electrolyte but wash skin with soap and water in case of skin contact.

DEFINITION OF ELECTRICAL PARAMETERS

Separate documents as application notes, equivalent circuit diagrams and so on are available on request.

PACKAGING

Please refer to the data book for details. Further information is available on request. DISPOSAL

Scrapped capacitors are classified as scrapped metal. For disposal they are handled as controllable industrial waste because of the nature of the contents (electrolyte). Most of the material is aluminum and cannot be completely burned.

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