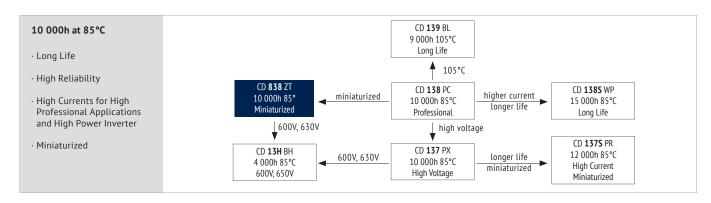


ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS · SCREWTYPE

CD 838 ZT SERIES





#### ITEM CHARACTERISTICS

Operating Temperature Range (°C)	-40 ~ +85	
Voltage Range (V)	350 ~ 450	
Capacitance Range (µF)	470 ~ 15 000	
Capacitance Tolerance (20°C, 120Hz)	± 20%	
Loakago Current	After 5 minutes at 20°C application of rated voltage leakage	a current is not more than s

The usage at lower temperatures than indicated may be possible. Please contact the Jianghai Europe sales office for approval.

Leakage Current	After 5 minutes at 20°C application of rated voltage, leakage current is not more than specified in table.
Stability at Low Temperature (Capacitance Ratio at 120Hz)	C <sub>.25°C</sub> / C <sub>.20°C</sub> ≥ 0,7

Fast Charge-Discharge

(1) Please contact Jianghai for an appropriate choice of the capacitor or possible technical adaptions, esp. for applications like: Welding, Photoflash, Servo motors, X-Ray

ITEM	USEFUL LIFE		LOAD LIFE	ENDURANCE TEST	SHELF LIFE		
Lifetime	10 000h	> 100 000h	5 000h	5 000h	1 000h		
Leakage Current	Not more than s	pecified value	Not more than specified value	Not more than specified value	Not more than specified value		
Capacitance Change	Within ± 30% o	f initial value	Within ± 20% of initial value	Within ± 10% of initial value	Within ± 20% of initial value		
Dissipation Factor	Not more than 300%	of specified value	Not more than 200% of specified value	Not more than 130% of specified value	Not more than 200%	of specified value	
Condition: Applied Voltage Applied Current Applied Temperature	U <sub>R</sub> I <sub>R</sub> 85°C	U <sub>R</sub> 1,4 x I <sub>R</sub> 40°C	U <sub>R</sub> I <sub>R</sub> 85°C	U <sub>R</sub> I <sub>R</sub> = 0 85°C IEC 60384	U <sub>R</sub> = 0 I <sub>R</sub> = 0 85°C	After test: U <sub>R</sub> to be applied for 30 min > 24h before measurement	

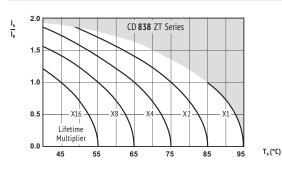
Terminal and Construction	The terminal version has an impact on the current capability and mechanical behavior (vibration).  For high current applications the terminals C,D and E are preferred, see page 139.
Optional	Self-extinguishing Electrolyte on request

# MULTIPLIER FOR RIPPLE CURRENT (FREQUENCY COEFFICIENT)

Frequency	50Hz	120Hz	300Hz	1kHz	≥ 10 kHz
Coefficient	0,80	1,00	1,10	1,30	1,40

Multipliers for typical operating conditions.

# MULTIPLIER FOR LIFETIME (LIFETIME DIAGRAM)



 $I_{\Delta}$  = actual ripple current at 120Hz,

= rated ripple current at 120Hz, 85°C

Multiplier of Useful Life as a function of ambient temperature & ripple current load

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL**

The products are RoHS, WEEE and REACh compliant. The detailed version please see seperate "Environmental Certificates" document or www.jianghai-europe.com

#### SAFETY FACTOR

This diagram includes a safety margin. In many cases the allowed current capability/lifetime may be increased. For details and approvals please contact the Jianghai Europe sales office.



$\mathbf{U}_{\mathtt{RDC}}$	C <sub>R</sub>	ESR <sub>max</sub>	ESR <sub>tvp</sub>	tan6		I <sub>rac</sub>	Size	ORDER CODE
(Surge	Rated		Equivalent	Dissipa-	Leakage	Rated		A - manusting study (stud)
Voltage) Code	Capaci- tance	Series	Series Resistance	tion Factor	Current	Ripple Current	øD x L	= mounting style (stud)
Code	tance	20°C	20°C	20°C		85°C		ΔΔΔΔ = terminal style
	, -,	120Hz	120Hz	120Hz	,	120Hz	, ,	D . 11 D . 470
(V)	(μF)	(mΩ)	(mΩ)		(mA)	(Arms)	(mm)	Details: Page 138
350	1 000	199	120	0,15	3,5	5,6	51 x 80	ECG2VZT102M♦C080ΔΔΔΔ
(400)	1 500	133	55	0,15	5,0	8,5	64 x 105	ECG2VZT152M♦D105ΔΔΔΔ
2V	2 200	91	30	0,15	5,0	9,1	51 x 96	ECG2VZT222M♦C096△△△△
		91	30	0,15	5,0	9,4	64 x 105	
	3 300	61	23	0,15	5,0	13,0		ECG2VZT332M♦D130ΔΔΔΔ
		61	23	0,15	5,0	11,0	77 x 105	
	4 700	43	16	0,15	5,0	14,0	77 x 105	
		43	16	0,15	5,0	18,0	77 x 143	
	6 800	30	13	0,15	5,0	20,0	77 x 143	
		20	10	0,15	5,0	21,4	77 x 143	ECG2VZT103M¢E143∆∆∆∆
	10 000	20	10	0,15	5,0	27,0		ECG2VZT103M¢E220∆∆∆∆
		20	9	0,15	5,0	20,5	90 x 105	
	15 000	14	10	0,15	5,0	24,9	77 x 145	
		14	6	0,15	5,0	35,0	90 x 220	
	18 000	12	6	0,15	5,0	28,7	77 x 220	ECG2VZT183M¢E222∆∆∆∆
400	1 000	199	82	0,15	4,0	5,0	51 x 80	ECG2GZT102M¢C080∆∆∆∆
(450)	1 500	133	50	0,15	5,0	6,7	51 x 80	ECG2GZT152M¢C080ΔΔΔΔ
2G	1 300	91	28	0,15	5,0	8,0	51 x 105	ECG2GZT222M°C105AAAA
		91	28	0,15	5,0	9,2	64 x 96	ECG2GZT222M¢D096ΔΔΔΔ
	2 200	91	28	0,15	5,0	9,5	64 x 105	
		91	28	0,15	5,0	10,0	77 x 105	
		61	21	0,15	5,0	12,2	64 x 105	
		61	21	0,15	5,0	14,5	64 x 115	
	3 300	61	21	0,15	5,0	11,8	77 x 100	
	3 300	61	21	0,15	5,0	13,5	77 x 105	
		61	21	0,15	5,0	15,0	77 x 103	
	3 900	52	19	0,15	5,0	20,7	77 x 143	
	3 700	43	15	0,15	5,0	14,5	77 x 105	
	4 700	43	15	0,15		18,4	77 x 143	
		36	14	0,15	5,0			
	5 600	36	18	-	5,0	21,0	77 x 116 90 x 105	ECG2GZT562M◊E116ΔΔΔΔ ECG2GZT562M◊F105ΔΔΔΔ
		30	13	0,15	5,0	19,0		
	6 800	30	13	0,15	5,0	19,4	77 x 143	
		25	12	0,15	5,0	29,0	77 x 143	
	8 200	25	12	0,15	5,0	20,0		
		20		0,15	5,0	25,0	77 x 170	
			10	0,15	5,0	17,8	77 x 143	
	10 000	20	10	0,15	5,0	26,0	77 x 195	
		20	10	0,15	5,0	26,7		ECG2GZT103M◊E220ΔΔΔΔ
	12 000	20	10	0,15	5,0	35,7		ECG2GZT103M◊F220ΔΔΔΔ ECG2GZT123M◊E220ΔΔΔΔ
	12 000	17	8	0,15	5,0	31,0		
	15 000		6	0,15	5,0	36,0		ECG2GZT153M◊F220△△△△
	18 000	9	5	0,15	5,0	38,5	90 X 196	ECG2GZT183M◊F196ΔΔΔΔ
420		61	21	0,15	5,0	12,4	64 x 105	ECG2XZT332M◊D105ΔΔΔΔ
(470)	3 300		21	0,15	5,0	14,5		ECG2XZT332M♦D115△△△△
2X		61	21	0,15	5,0	13,5		ECG2XZT332M¢E105∆∆∆∆
	3 900		19	0,15	5,0	20,7		ECG2XZT392M¢E121∆∆∆∆
		43	16	0,15	5,0	18,0		ECG2XZT472M¢E105ΔΔΔΔ
	4 700	43	16	0,15	5,0	18,0		ECG2XZT472M¢E143ΔΔΔΔ
	10 000		10	0,15	5,0	28,0		ECG2XZT103M¢E220ΔΔΔΔ
	10 000	20	10	0,13	٥,٠	20,0	111120	LCGTVT1 10 NINFTTONION

$\mathbf{U}_{\text{RDC}}$	C <sub>R</sub>	ESR <sub>max</sub>	$ESR_{_{typ}}$	tanб	l <sub>leak</sub>	I <sub>RAC</sub>	Size	ORDER CODE				
(Surge /oltage)	Rated Capaci-	Equivalent Series	Equivalent Series	Dissipa- tion	Leakage Current	Rated Ripple	øD x L	= mounting style (stud)				
Code	tance	Resistance 20°C	Resistance 20°C	Factor 20°C	current	Current 85°C	00 X E	ΔΔΔΔ = terminal style				
(V)	(μ <b>F</b> )	120Hz (mΩ)	120Hz (mΩ)	120Hz	(mA)	120Hz (Arms)	(mm)	Details: Page 4				
450	470	424	250	0,15	2,1	4,5	51 x 75	ECG2WZT471M◊C075ΔΔΔΔ				
(500)	680	293	185	0,15	3,1	4,9	51 x 80	ECG2WZT681M¢C080∆∆∆∆				
2W	1 000	199	93	0,15	4,5	6,4	51 x 105	ECG2WZT081MVC080AAAA ECG2WZT102M◊C105ΔΔΔΔ				
		133	56	0,15	5,0	7,1	51 x 105	ECG2WZT152M♦C105ΔΔΔΔ				
	1 500	133	56	0,15	5,0	10,0	51 x 115	ECG2WZT152M¢C115∆∆∆∆				
	1 800	111	45	0,15	5,0	8,5	64 x 105	ECG2WZT182M◊D105ΔΔΔΔ				
		91	35	0,15	5,0	9,0	64 x 96	ECG2WZT222M♦D096△△△△				
	2 200	91	35	0,15	5,0	12,0	64 x 130	ECG2WZT222M♦D130△△△△				
		91	35	0,15	5,0	13,1	77 x 143	ECG2WZT222M¢E143∆∆∆∆				
	2 700	74	30	0,15	5,0	12,7	64 x 130	ECG2WZT272M♦D130AAAA				
		61	30	0,15	5,0	14,0	64 x 130	ECG2WZT332M♦D130△△△△				
		61	30	0,15	5,0	13,2	77 x 105	ECG2WZT332M¢E105∆∆∆∆				
	3 300	61	30	0,15	5,0	13,8	77 x 115	ECG2WZT332M¢E115∆∆∆∆				
		61	30	0,15	5,0	16,1	77 x 143	ECG2WZT332M¢E143∆∆∆∆				
	3 900	52	20	0,15	5,0	13,3	64 x 140	ECG2WZT392M♦D140AAA				
		43	16	0,15	5,0	14,0	64 x 143	ECG2WZT472M♦D143△△△△				
		43	16	0,15	5,0	17,0	64 x 195	ECG2WZT472M♦D195AAAA				
	4 700	43	16	0,15	5,0	15,0	77 x 115	ECG2WZT472M¢E115∆∆∆∆				
		43	16	0,15	5,0	21,0	77 x 143	ECG2WZT472M¢E143∆∆∆∆				
		43	16	0,15	5,0	21,0	77 x 143	ECG2WZT472M¢E143∆∆∆∆				
	5 600	36	13	0,15	5,0	16,0	77 x 130	ECG2WZT562M¢E130∆∆∆∆				
	2 000	36	13	0,15	5,0	17,5	77 x 143	ECG2WZT562M¢E143∆∆∆∆				
		30	11	0,15	5,0	18,0	77 x 143	ECG2WZT682M¢E143∆∆∆∆				
	6 800	30	11	0,15	5,0	19,1	77 x 155	ECG2WZT682M¢E155∆∆∆∆				
	0 000	30	11	0,15	5,0	21,0	77 x 220	ECG2WZT682M¢E220∆∆∆∆				
		30	11	0,15	5,0	20,0	90 x 145	ECG2WZT682M⁰F145∆∆∆∆				
	8 200	25	12	0,15	5,0	28,2	77 x 170	ECG2WZT822M¢E170∆∆∆∆				
	0 200	25	12	0,15	5,0	28,5	90 x 157	ECG2WZT822M°F157∆∆∆∆				
	10 000	20	9	0,15	5,0	26,0	77 x 220	ECG2WZT103M¢E220∆∆∆∆				
	10 000	20	9	0,15	5,0	28,0	90 x 171	ECG2WZT103M°F171∆∆∆∆				
	12 000	17	8	0,15	5,0	33,0	90 x 170	ECG2WZT123M◊F170△△△△				
	12 000	17	8	0,15	5,0	34,0	90 x 220	ECG2WZT123M♦F220△△△△				
	15 000	14	7	0,15	5,0	34,0	90 x 220	ECG2WZT153M♦F220△△△△				
	15 000	14	6	0,15	5,0	36,0	90 x 236	ECG2WZT153M◊F236△△△△				
	18 000	14	9	0,15	5,0	36,5	90 x 180	ECG2WZT183M◊F180△△△△				
	22 000	9,1	6	0,15	5,0	21,0	90 x 236	ECG2WZT223M♦F236△△△△				

500V capacitors available on request.



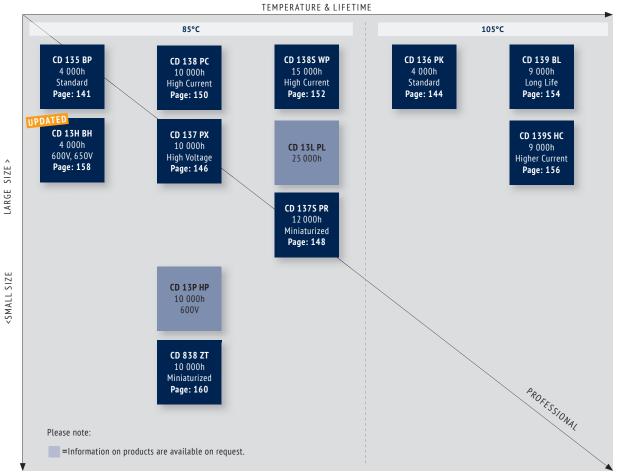




# ORDER CODE SCREW TYPE

EC	G		2	G	ВР		10	2	М		В		E		1	60	A771	-		JExxxxx
Techno- logy	Termir Type		Rat Volt Co	age	Series Code		Capaci Cod		Capacita Toleran		Mounting		Diam	eter	Ler	igth	For Terminal Code see tables on the right	Materia Code		for Specials only
EC =	Screw	G	10	1A	CD 135	ВР	100	101	±20%	М	Bolt	В	36	A	53	053		-	-	
Electrolytric Capacitor			16	10	CD 136	PK	1 000	102	±10%	K	Flat bottom, no bracket, single sleeve	N	40	В	65	065		PVC	٧	
			25	1E	CD 137	PX	10 000	103	+30/-10%	Q	Flat bottom, no bracket, full double sleeve	D	51	С	96	096		PET	Ε	
			35	1V	CD 137S	PR			+20/-0%	R	Flat bottom incl. 2 stoppers bracket	I	64	D	100	100		Polyolefin	0	
			40	1G	CD 138	PC			+20/-10%	V	Flat bottom incl. 3 stoppers bracket	Υ	77	E	115	115		Standard:		
			50	1H	CD 138S	WP			+50/-10%	T	Details of Sleeving see		90	F	236	236		PVC Sleeve		
			63	1J	CD 139	BL			= prefer	red	table on the right		101	G						
			80	1K	CD 139S	НС														
			100	2A	CD 13H	ВН														
			200	2D	CD 838	ZT														
			250	2E																
			350	2 V																
			400	2G																
			420	2X																
			450	2W																
			500	2H																
			550	2 Y																
			575	2Z																
			600	25																
			650	<b>S6</b>																

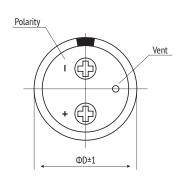


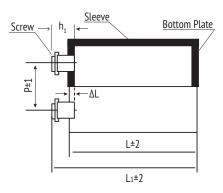


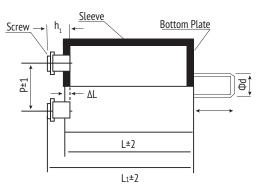




# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION







in mm

# LENGTH

$L_i = L + h_i - \Delta L$
$\mathbf{L_{1}}$ = Total Capacitor Length
L = Capacitor Case Length (see Capacitor Table)
$\mathbf{h_1}$ = Terminal Length (see Terminal Code)
ΔL = Housing Correction (see Case & Mounting Style)

# CASE & MOUNTING STYLE

Order Code	Mounting Style	Sleeving Style (typical design)	Housing Correction ΔL (in mm)
В	Bolt	Single Sleeve	0,8
N	Flat bottom, no bracket	Single Sleeve	0,8
D	Flat bottom, no bracket	Full length Double Sleeve	0,4
ı	I-Type Bracket	Diameter 36: Single Sleeve Diameter 51-101: Ur < 350V: ½ length Double Sleeve Ur ≥ 350V: full length Double Sleeve Other Sleeve Versions on request	0,8 0,6 0,4
Υ	Y-Type Bracket	Ur < 350V: ½ length Double Sleeve Ur ≥ 350V: full length Double Sleeve Other Sleeve Versions on request	0,6 0,4

Bolt:	Ø D	Ød	l (mm)	Max. Torque (Nm)
	Ø 36	M8	12	4
	≥ Ø 51	M12	16	12,5

# SCREW TERMINAL (Hexagon Head)

Dimension	Min. Thread Depth (mm)	Max. Torque (Nm)	Max. Ripple Current (A)
M5 x 10	8,5	3	60
M6 x 12	8,5	4	100
M8 x 16	8,5	6	100

# CAPACITOR POSITION

Screw capacitors need to be mounted into an upright position. If a horizontal position is needed please ensure the safety vent is located on the highest position (12 o'clock).

# **TERMINAL CODE**

Terminal Code	ØD	Screw	Pitch P	d	d	h	h
(cont. page 140)	90	Sciew	PILCII P	d <sub>1</sub>	d <sub>2</sub>	h <sub>1</sub>	h <sub>2</sub>
A361	36	M5	12,7	8	11	6,8	1,8
A511	51	M5	21,8	10	13,0	6,8	1,8
D511	51	M5	21,8	10	13	5,5	0
A512	51	M5	21,8	10	13	7,14	0
A641	64	M5	28,2	10	15,5	7,3	2,3
C641	64	M5	28,5	13	0	7,2	0
C642	64	M6	28,6	13	0	5,5	0
D641	64	M5	28,2	13	15	6,4	0
D642	64	M6	28,2	13	15	6,4	0
E641/E642	64	M5	28,2	10	15,5	6,3	1,3
A771	77	M5	31,4	10	15,5	6,3	1,3
A772	77	M6	31,4	10	15,5	6,3	1,3
B771	77	M6	31,4	17,2	0	3,17	0
B772	77	M6	31,4	17,2	0	6,4	0
B774/B776	77	M5	31,4	17,2	0	6,4	0
C771	77	M5	31,4	17,2	0	3,5	0
C772	77	M6	31,4	17,2	0	3,5	0
C774	77	M5	31,4	17,2	0	6,4	0
6775							
C775	77	M6	31,4	17,2	0	6,4	0
C779	<b>77</b> 77	<b>M6</b> M6	<b>31,4</b> 31,4	<b>17,2</b> 13	0	<b>6,4</b> 5,5	0
					-		-
C779	77	M6	31,4	13	0	5,5	0
C779 D771	77 77	M6 M5	31,4 31,4	13 13	0	5,5 6,4	0
C779 D771 E772	77 77 77	M6 M5 M5	31,4 31,4 31,4	13 13 10	0 15 15,5	5,5 6,4 6,3	0 0 1,3
C779 D771 E772 E774	77 77 77 77	M6 M5 M5 M5	31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4	13 13 10 13	0 15 15,5 17,5	5,5 6,4 6,3 5,5	0 0 1,3 3,5
C779 D771 E772 E774 F771	77 77 77 77 77	M6 M5 M5 M5 M6	31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4	13 13 10 13 13	0 15 15,5 17,5 15	5,5 6,4 6,3 5,5 6,4	0 0 1,3 3,5 0
C779 D771 E772 E774 F771	77 77 77 77 77 77	M6 M5 M5 M5 M6 M6	31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4	13 13 10 13 13 13	0 15 15,5 17,5 15	5,5 6,4 6,3 5,5 6,4 6,4	0 0 1,3 3,5 0
C779 D771 E772 E774 F771 F772	77 77 77 77 77 77 77 90	M6 M5 M5 M5 M6 M6 M5	31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4	13 13 10 13 13 13	0 15 15,5 17,5 15 15 15,5	5,5 6,4 6,3 5,5 6,4 6,4 6,3	0 0 1,3 3,5 0 0
C779 D771 E772 E774 F771 F772 A901	77 77 77 77 77 77 77 90	M6 M5 M5 M5 M6 M6 M5 M6	31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4	13 13 10 13 13 13 10 17,2	0 15 15,5 17,5 15 15 15,5	5,5 6,4 6,3 5,5 6,4 6,4 6,3 6,4	0 0 1,3 3,5 0 0 1,3
C779 D771 E772 E774 F771 F772 A901 B901 B902	77 77 77 77 77 77 77 90 90	M6 M5 M5 M5 M6 M5 M6 M5 M6 M5	31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4	13 13 10 13 13 13 10 17,2 17,2	0 15 15,5 17,5 15 15 15,5 0	5,5 6,4 6,3 5,5 6,4 6,4 6,3 6,4 6,4	0 0 1,3 3,5 0 0 1,3 0
C779 D771 E772 E774 F771 F772 A901 B901 B902 C901/C905	77 77 77 77 77 77 77 90 90 90	M6 M5 M5 M5 M6 M5 M6 M5 M6 M5	31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4	13 13 10 13 13 13 10 17,2 17,2	0 15 15,5 17,5 15 15 15 0 0	5,5 6,4 6,3 5,5 6,4 6,4 6,3 6,4 6,4	0 0 1,3 3,5 0 0 1,3 0
C779 D771 E772 E774 F771 F772 A901 B901 B902 C901/C905 C902 C904 D902	77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 90 90 90 90	M6 M5 M5 M5 M6 M5 M6 M5 M6 M5	31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4	13 13 10 13 13 13 10 17,2 17,2	0 15 15,5 17,5 15 15 15 0 0	5,5 6,4 6,3 5,5 6,4 6,4 6,3 6,4 6,4 6,4	0 0 1,3 3,5 0 0 1,3 0
C779 D771 E772 E774 F771 F772 A901 B901 B902 C901/C905 C902 C904	77 77 77 77 77 77 77 90 90 90 90 90	M6 M5 M5 M5 M6 M5 M6 M5 M6 M5 M6 M8	31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4	13 13 10 13 13 13 10 17,2 17,2 17,2	0 15 15,5 17,5 15 15 15,5 0 0 0	5,5 6,4 6,3 5,5 6,4 6,4 6,3 6,4 6,4 6,4	0 0 1,3 3,5 0 0 1,3 0 0
C779 D771 E772 E774 F771 F772 A901 B901 B902 C901/C905 C902 C904 D902	77 77 77 77 77 77 77 90 90 90 90 90 90	M6 M5 M5 M5 M6 M5	31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4	13 13 10 13 13 13 10 17,2 17,2 17,2 17,2 13	0 15 15,5 17,5 15 15 15,5 0 0 0	5,5 6,4 6,3 5,5 6,4 6,4 6,4 6,4 6,4 6,4 6,4	0 0 1,3 3,5 0 0 1,3 0 0 0
C779 D771 E772 E774 F771 F772 A901 B901 B902 C901/C905 C902 C904 D902 D903	77 77 77 77 77 77 77 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	M6 M5 M5 M5 M6 M5 M6 M5 M6 M5 M6 M5 M6 M5 M6 M6 M6 M6 M6	31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4	13 13 10 13 13 13 10 17,2 17,2 17,2 17,2 13 13	0 15 15,5 17,5 15 15 15,5 0 0 0 0	5,5 6,4 6,3 5,5 6,4 6,4 6,4 6,4 6,4 6,4 6,4	0 0 1,3 3,5 0 0 1,3 0 0 0
C779 D771 E772 E774 F771 F772 A901 B901 B902 C901/C905 C902 C904 D902 D903 E901	77 77 77 77 77 77 77 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	M6 M5 M5 M5 M6 M5 M6 M5 M6 M5 M6 M5 M6 M5 M6 M6 M6 M8	31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4 31,4	13 13 10 13 13 13 10 17,2 17,2 17,2 17,2 13 13	0 15 15,5 17,5 15 15 15,5 0 0 0 0 0 15 15	5,5 6,4 6,3 5,5 6,4 6,4 6,4 6,4 6,4 6,4 6,4 6,4 8,6	0 0 1,3 3,5 0 0 1,3 0 0 0 0 0

# = preferred

 $Other forms \ on \ request, especially \ non-symmetrical \ layout, water cooling \ or \ laser \ welded \ terminals.$ Terminal A101 = A991

Terminal A, B and F include a potting mass filling, Terminal C, D and E use a middle pin fixation without glue.

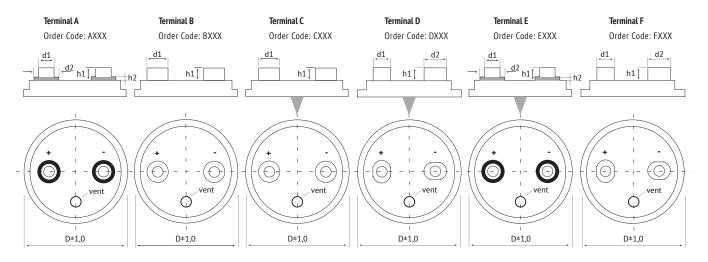
Extended Cathode designs only available with Terminal C, D and E.

Some series of the catalogue might only be available with Terminal C,D and E.

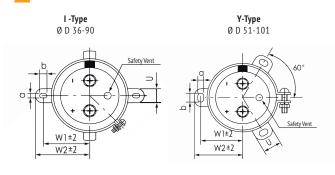




# TERMINAL FORM (C, D, E preferred; other designs on request)



# **BRACKET MOUNTING**



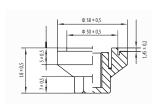
	I-bracket					Y-bracket						
øD	W <sub>1</sub>	W <sub>2</sub>	a	b	U	h	W <sub>1</sub>	W <sub>2</sub>	a	b	U	h
36	24	29	3,8	7	10	15	-	-	-	-	-	-
51	34	40	5	7	14	30	31,8	36,5	5	7	14	30
64	40,5	46,5	5	7	14	30	38,1	42,6	5	7	14	30
77	46,8	53	5	7	14	30	44,5	49,2	5	7	14	30
90	54	60,3	5	7	14	30	50,8	55,6	5	7	14	30
101	-	-	-	-	-	-	57,5	63,5	5,5	8	20	35

= preferred h = Height of brackets

# **ACCESSORIES FOR BOLT MOUNTING** (Other accessories on request)

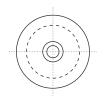
#### Cap Nut

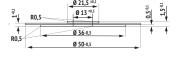
Order Code: ACCNUT3038M12 For Screw Capacitors with M12 Bolt



### Insulation Washer

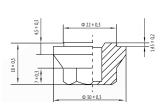
Order Code: ACCISO5113 For Screw Capacitors with Diameter 51 and 64





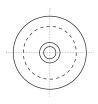
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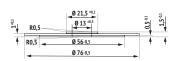
Order Code: ACCNUT2230M12 For Screw Capacitors with M12 Bolt

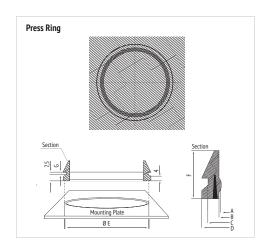


### Insulation Washer

Order Code: ACCISO7713 For Screw Capacitors with Diameter 77 and 90







Ø Capacitor	64	77	90
A +0,3	62,3	74,8	88,0
B +0,3	64,1	77,0	90,0
C +0,3	70,5	84,5	97,9
D +0,3	74,5	88,6	102,0
E +0,2	71,2	85,5	98,6
F +0,2	18,0	20,0	23,5
G -0,25	3,0	2,4	3,0
<b>Product Code</b> Agree with RoHS	ACC PR164	ACC PR177	ACC PR190
<b>Product Code</b> Agree with RoHS and UL-94-V0	ACC PR464	ACC PR477	ACC PR490

All dimensions in mm



# LIFETIME ESTIMATION OF ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS FROM JIANGHAI

To estimate the Lifetime of a non-solid Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor from Jianghai, the following formulas can be utilized. The Lifetime depends mainly on the ambient temperature, the ripple current and, within certain limits, the operating voltage applied. Other parameters may also affect the Lifetime. Moreover, Lo can be interpreted in many different ways, which has a fundamental influence on the numerical result. Jianghai offers a high transparency by publishing the different typical definitions of Lifetimes in each datasheet. Lifetime estimations are approximations by nature. Please let JIANGHAI EUROPE confirm any result before using it. The formulas given here do not constitute part of a contract nor of a specification. The formulas do not cover additional aging effects of certain electrolytic systems or other chemical effects. Also the dimensions of the components may have an effect. Forced cooling or other additional cooling-methods have a strong impact on the Lifetime and are not covered by the formulas as defined. For the estimation and interpretation of Lifetime, a close collaboration with JIANGHAI EUROPE is strongly advised.

#### STRUCTUAL FORMULA

$$L = L_0 \cdot K_T \cdot K_R \cdot K_V$$

WHERE:

- L Total Lifetime
- Lifetime under Nominal Load at Upper
   Category Temperature (see catalogue)
- K<sub>→</sub> Temperature Factor
- K<sub>p</sub> Ripple Current Factor
- K<sub>v</sub> Voltage Factor

# $K_{\scriptscriptstyle T}$ TEMPERATURE FACTOR

Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors follow roughly the 10 K rule of Arrhenius. It is possible to estimate the Lifetime by rule of thumb: When the operational temperature is reduced by 10 K, the Lifetime will double. The formula for  $\mathbf{K}_{\tau}$  in detail is:

$$K_T = 2^{\frac{T_0 - T_A}{10K}}$$

WHERE:

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- T<sub>0</sub> Rated Temperature
- T, Ambient Temperature

# **K**<sub>∞</sub> RIPPLE CURRENT FACTOR

To estimate the influence of ripple current on lifetime, Jianghai uses a safety factor  $K_i$ . Under certain conditions this value can be set to  $K_i$ =2, which is prolonging the lifetime. Please contact Jianghai Europe for details and approval.

$$K_R = K_i^{A\frac{\Delta T_0}{10K}}$$

WITH:

$$A = 1 - \left(\frac{I_A}{I_R}\right)^2$$

WHERE:

- Actual Rated Ripple Current
- I<sub>R</sub> Ripple Current at Upper
   Category Temperature (databook value)
- $\Delta T_0$  Core Temperature Rise of the capacitor (typically 3,5 ~ 5 K for  $T_0$  = 105°C and 3,5 ~ 10K for  $T_0$  = 85°C, see databook value)
- K, Basis, typically defined as

$$T_0 = 105$$
°C  $I_A > I_R$ :  $K_i = 4$   
 $I_A \le I_R$ :  $K_i = 2$   
 $T_0 = 85$ °C  $K_i = 2$ 

(1) Re

Remark: Safety Factor  $K_i$  may be set as  $K_i$ =2 under certain defined conditions. Please contact Jianghai Europe for approval.

### **K, VOLTAGE FACTOR**

For Radial Electrolytic Capacitors, this part of the formula has no impact ( $K_v = 1$ ). But for some bigger capacitors like Snap-In and Screw-Terminal types with rated voltages above 160V, the operating voltage will affect their Lifetime. It is expressed as follows:

FOR.

$$0.6 \le \frac{U_A}{U_B} \le 1$$

$$K_V = \left(\frac{U_A}{U_R}\right)^{-2.5}$$

WHERE:

- U<sub>A</sub> Actual Operating Voltage
- U<sub>p</sub> Rated Voltage

FOR:

$$0 < \frac{U_A}{U_R} < 0.6$$

$$K_V = 3.59$$

FOR:

$$\frac{U_A}{U_R} > 1 \ not \ allowed$$

$$K_V = 1$$

FOR: Radial Capacitors or U<sub>p</sub> ≤ 160V

$$K_V = 1$$

# **FREQUENCY CORRECTION FACTORS:**

If the actual Ripple Currents are not given at the same frequency like  $I_n$ , correction factors need to be applied.

$$I_A = \sqrt{\left(\frac{I_{f1}}{F_{f1}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{I_{f2}}{F_{f2}}\right)^2 + \dots \left(\frac{I_{fn}}{F_{fn}}\right)^2}$$

# JIANGHAI ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR LIFETIME ESTIMATION FORMULA (incl. Safety Factors):

$$L = L_0 \cdot 2^{\frac{T_0 - T_A}{10K}} \cdot K_i^{\left[1 - \left(\frac{I_A}{I_R}\right)^2\right] \cdot \frac{\Delta T_0}{10K}} \cdot \left(\frac{U_A}{U_R}\right)^{-n}$$

WITH TYPICAL VALUES:

$$T_0 = 105$$
°C  $I_A > I_R$ :  $K_i = 4$   
 $I_A \le I_R$ :  $K_i = 2$   
 $T_0 = 85$ °C  $K_i = 2$ 

 $\Delta T_0$ = depending on the series: 3,5~10K, see databook value

$$0.6 \leq \frac{U_A}{U_R} \leq 1 \rightarrow n = 2.5$$

$$0 < \frac{U_A}{U_R} < 0.6 \rightarrow K_V = \left(\frac{U_A}{U_R}\right)^{-n} = 3.59$$

For U<sub>p</sub> ≤ 160V, Radial and

$$\frac{U_A}{U_R} > 1 \to K_V = 1$$

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# HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS FROM JIANGHAI

#### WARNING

JIANGHAI is not liable for any extent of possible injuries or damages to persons or things, of any kind, caused by the improper application of and/or operating conditions harmful to electrolytic capacitors. Misapplications which may cause failures include, but are not limited to: ripple current or peak current or voltage above specification, operating voltage above surge voltage specified, temperature exposure outside the specified operating temperature range. Examples of harmful operating conditions comprise, but are not limited to: unusual storage or transport temperatures, excessive and/or rapid changes of ambient temperature or humidity, heavy mechanical shock or vibration, corrosive and abrasive particles in the ambient (cooling) air, conducting dust in the ambient (cooling) air, oil or water vapor or corrosive substances, explosive gas or dust, operation under extremely high or low ambient pressure conditions (below or above sea level), superimposed radio frequency voltages, radioactivity. In case of doubt about the impact of operating conditions on capacitor performance, please contact JIANGHAI.

#### PERSONAL SAFETY

Electrical or mechanical misapplication of electrolytic capacitors may be hazardous. Personal injury or property damage may result from explosion of a capacitor or from the expulsion of electrolyte due to mechanical disruption or the release of a safety vent of a capacitor. In case of injury or skin or eye exposure to electrolyte, immediately seek professional medical advice. Before using electrolytic capacitors in any application, please read these Handling Precautions, familiarizing thoroughly with the information contained herein. Please check before using any of our electrolytic capacitors if these components fulfill the requirements of your application and that warnings and instructions for use are followed.

#### WARRANTY

The information contained in this catalogue does not form part of any quotation or contract, is believed to be accurate, reliable and up to date. Quality data are based on the statistical evaluations of a large quantity of parts and do not constitute a guarantee in a legal sense. However, agreement on these specifications does mean that the customer may claim for replacement of individual defective capacitors within the terms of delivery. We will not assume any liability beyond the replacement of defective components. This applies in particular to any consequential damage caused by component failure. Furthermore it must be taken into consideration that the figures stated for lifetime, failure rates and outlier percentages refer to the average production status and are therefore to be understood as mean values (statistic expectations) for a large number of delivery lots of identical capacitors. These figures are based on application experience and data obtained from preceding tests under normal conditions, or - for purpose of accelerated aging – more severe conditions. JIANGHAI reserves the right to change these specifications without prior notice. Any application information given is advisory and does not form part of any specification. The products are not primarily designed for use in life support applications, devices or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. JIANGHAI customers using or selling these products for use in such applications without prior written consent of JIANGHAI do so at their own risk and agree fully to indemnify JIANGHAI for any damage resulting from such improper use or sale. This version of the catalogue supersedes all previous versions. Latest versions of datasheets can be found on our homepage: www.jianghaieurope.com. For more details on precautions and guidelines for aluminum electrolytic capacitors, please refer to CENELEC Technical Report CLC/TR 50454:2008 E, "Guide for the application of aluminum electrolytic capacitors".

#### POLARITY

Electrolytic capacitors are polar and shall never be used with incorrect polarity, as there is a possible danger of shorting or destruction.

#### RATED VOLTAGE UR

The rated voltage is marked on the capacitor and defined in the datasheets as  $U_R$ . This voltage should never be exceeded and is the maximum peak voltage including any ripple voltages allowed to avoid a shortening of the lifetime or damage of the capacitor. When a ripple current is applied to the capacitor, the sum of the peak ripple voltage and bias DC voltage shall never exceed the rated voltage. It might be necessary to lower the maximum allowed bias DC voltage, when certain ripple currents are applied to the capacitor.

### SURGE VOLTAGE

Maximum voltage, which may be applied to the capacitor for short periods of time: max. 1000 cycles of 30 sec. per 6 min., max. 5 pulses per hour. Capacitance drift  $\pm$ 1-15% max.

#### REVERSE VOLTAGE

Reverse voltages or voltages < 0V are not allowed.



#### RECOVERY VOLTAGE

Electric potential between the positive and negative terminal may exist as a result of dielectric absorption. Please take action that this load does not damage other devices or scare workers during the production process (sparks possible). If needed please discharge the capacitor through a  $1k\Omega$  resistor.

#### **TEMPERATURE RANGE**

Use electrolytic capacitors only within the specified operating temperature range.

#### OVER-CURRENT

Currents exceeding the rated ripple currents should be avoided.

#### RIPPLE CURRENT/VOLTAGE

The combined value of DC voltage and peak AC voltage (due to ripple current) shall not exceed the rated voltage and shall never be < 0V. Use of aluminum electrolytic capacitors under ripple current with wide amplitudes is equivalent to rapid charge-discharge operation.

#### RAPID CHARGING/DISCHARGING

Rapid charging/discharging generates severe heat and gas may be emitted which may lead to explosion. Consult JIANGHAI about specially designed capacitors suitable for such kind of applications. Example: Servo Drive Application

#### BALANCING RESISTORS

Balancing resistors should be utilized if capacitors are used in serial connection. Please choose low-tolerance resistors to limit voltage drift.

#### CHARGE-DISCHARGE PROOF

JIANGHAI capacitors are charge-discharge proof, which means that 10° switching cycles will cause capacitance reduction of less than 10%.

#### LIFETIME

There are many different lifetime definitions known without any true standard definition. Take special care when capacitors are compared that the capacitors fulfill the needed requirements. JIANGHAI publishes all conditions to be as transparent as possible. In the case of lifetime tests with additional ripple currents, the bias DC voltage must be reduced, so that the sum of bias DC voltage and the peak of the ripple voltage does not exceed the Rated Voltage  $U_{\rm P}$ .

**Load life:** Period of time, during which the technical parameters of all capacitors stay within the given limits. JIANGHAI defines this without allowing for outliers.

Useful life: Defined like load life, but with a lager range of parameter change.

**Endurance test:** IEC 60384-4 defines the acceptable drift criteria of electrical parameters after the endurance tests (continuous voltage test).

**Shelf Life:** Definition of time with acceptable drift of capacitor parameters after storage at upper category temperature without load.

#### VIBRATION AND MECHANICAL STRESS

Capacitors are sensitive to vibration and mechanical forces applied on the leads. Do not use capacitors, which have been dropped onto a rigid surface.

### INSULATION

If any defect of the sleeve is visible, the component should not be used – the same holds for any kind of visible damage. A capacitor should be electrically isolated from the following parts: aluminum case, cathode lead wire, anode lead wire and circuit pattern, and auxiliary terminal of snap-in type. The sleeve is not recognized as an isolator and therefore the standard capacitor should not be used in a place where insulation function is needed. Please contact JIANGHAI if a higher grade of insulation is required.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS**

Avoid direct contact with water, salt solution, oil, dewing conditions. Halogens generally, especially fumigation treatment with bromides and flame retardant agents containing halogens must be avoided. Avoid exposing to direct sunshine, ozone, ultraviolet rays and x-ray radiation. Air Pressure: Max. 150kPa, min. 8kPa. For usage >2000m altitude above sea level current deratings might be necessary. No heavy air pressure changes are allowed. Do not use or store in an environment containing any hazardous gas (e.g., hydrogen sulphide, sulphurous acid, nitrous acid, chlorine, ammonia, bromine, methyl bromide, other halogens) or acidic or alkaline solutions.

#### STORAGE

Temperature 5 to 35°C, relative humidity below 75%. Electrolytic capacitors may accumulate charge naturally during storage. In this case discharge through a 1kOhm resistor before use (Recovery voltage). Leakage current may be increased after long storage time. In this case the capacitor should be subjected to the rated voltage treatment through a 1kOhm resistor before use for 1 hour, then it should be discharged through a resistor of about 1 Ohm/Volt. Storage times above 1 year should be avoided or rated voltage treatment may be necessary. In accordance to IEC 60384-4 electrolytic capacitors are subject to a reforming process before acceptance testing. Rated voltage is applied via a series resistance ( $1000: U_R \le 100VDC, 1kQ: U_R > 100VDC$ ).

#### SOLDERING

Soldering conditions (temperature, times) should be within specified conditions, especially for SMD components. Avoid high soldering temperatures as this may reduce lifetime or damage the capacitor. Do never dip the capacitor body into molten solder. Flux should not be adhered to the capacitor's body but only to its terminals. For details and different methods please contact us.

#### **GLUEING, CLEANING AND COATING**

Do not use fixing agents or cleaning substances containing halogens. Do not use coating and moulding components that completely seal the capacitor from the environment. Also, never use solvents containing: halogenated hydrocarbons, alkali, petroleum, trichloroethylene/-ethane, xylene, acetones, trichlorotrifluoroethane, tetrachloroethylene, methylenechloride, chloroform, acetates, ketones, esters, chlorides and bromides.

#### MOUNTING

Other devices, which are mounted near the capacitor, should not touch the capacitor. Additional heat coming from other components near the capacitor may reduce the lifetime of the capacitor. Do never bend or twist the capacitor after soldering to avoid stress on the leads. Radial capacitors are not protected against mechanical forces on the leads. Forces on the pins might damage the capacitor. No printed circuit board tracks are allowed between the lead pads of the capacitor. Screw Terminal capacitors should only be mounted in an upright position.

#### TRANSPORT

Avoid fumigation and spraying insecticides (especially with bromides) in the import or export procedures which can cause corrosion. This applies also to the finished devices.

#### MAINTENANCE

Periodical inspection should be carried out for the capacitor: visual inspection to check pressure relief open or leakage of electrolyte, electrical characteristics as leakage current, capacitance, and dissipation factor.

#### **ELECTROLYTE AND SEPARATOR PAPER**

Electrolyte and separator paper used in aluminum capacitors may be flammable. Also, electrolyte is electrically conductive. Therefore, in case electrolyte gets in contact with PC board it may cause corrosion of circuit pattern or cause short circuit between patterns, and may lead to smoke generation or ignition in worst case.

#### CAUTION DURING USE OF CAPACITORS

Do not touch the terminals of capacitors. Keep the capacitor free from conductive solution, such as acids, alkali and so on. Ensure that the operating environment of the equipment into which the capacitor has been built is within the specified conditions mentioned in the catalogue or specification sheets.

#### SAFETY VENT

The safety vent needs some free space to open properly. Allow for free headroom of at least 2mm for diameter ≤16mm, more than 3mm for diameter 18-35mm, more than 5mm for case diameter 40mm and larger.

#### **EMERGENCY ACTIONS**

When the pressure relief vent is open and some gas blows out from the capacitor, please turn the main switch of the equipment off or pull out the plug from the power outlet immediately. During safety vent operation, extremely hot gas (>100°C) may blow out of the capacitors. Do not stand close to the capacitors. In case of eye contact, rinse the open eye(s) with clean water immediately. In case of ingestion, gargle with water immediately, do not swallow. Do not touch electrolyte but wash skin with soap and water in case of skin contact.

#### DEFINITION OF ELECTRICAL PARAMETERS

Separate documents as application notes, equivalent circuit diagrams and so on are available on request.

#### PACKAGING

Please refer to the data book for details. Further information is available on request.

#### DISPOSAL

Scrapped capacitors are classified as scrapped metal. For disposal they are handled as controllable industrial waste because of the nature of the contents (electrolyte). Most of the material is aluminum and cannot be completely burned.

Jianghai Europe Electronic Components GmbH VERSION 10/2021

